

Functionality Assessment of Household Tap Connection under National Jal Jeevan Mission - 2022



District Report: Durg, Chhattisgarh Survey Duration: February to April.

Ab	brevia	tions					
Glo	ossary	4					
1.	Con	Context					
2.	Dist	rict snapshot:					
3.	FHT	C Assessment Objectives9					
4.	Asse	essment Methodology9					
	4.1.	Sample Size					
4	4.2.	Sampling Methodology10					
	4.3.	Methodology for Water Quantity Measurement at Households					
	4.4.	Methodology for Water Quality Measurement					
	4.5.	Project implementation					
4	4.6.	Sample coverage					
	4.7.	Sampled village and household profile					
ţ		ndings14					
	5.1	Quantity, Regularity, and Quality of Water14					
	5.2	Functionality status of FHTC14					
	5.3	Average water supply days in a week17					
	5.4	Household utilization of water for drinking and other activities18					
	5.5	Source sustainability at the village level19					
	5.6	Water quality management					
	5.7	Status of JJM20					
	5.8	Perception of HHs on Outcome Indicators21					
	5.9	User satisfaction22					
6	Ann	exures					
(6.1.	Summary of villages23					
(6.2.	Functionality – 55 LPCD vs regularity vs potability vs working tap connection23					
(6.3.	Villages not meeting the quality parameters					



Abbreviations

AWC	Aanganwadi Centre
FHTC	Functional Household Tap Connection
Gol	Government of India
GP	Gram Panchayat
HF	Health Facility
HH	Household
HGJ	Har Ghar Jal
JJM	Jal Jeevan Mission
LPCD	Litres per Capita per Day
MVS	Multi-village Scheme
NJJM	National Jal Jeevan Mission
RC	Residual Chlorine
O&M	Operation and Maintenance
OHT	Over Head Tank
PSU	Primary Sampling Unit
PWS	Piped Water Supply
SVS	Single Village Scheme
VAP	Village Action Plan
VWSC	Village Water and Sanitation Committee
WQMIS	Water Quality Monitoring and Information System



Glossary

- 1. Community Group of people living in one particular area or village/habitation
- Cross-sectional research A cross-sectional study is a type of research design in which data is collected from a relatively large and diverse group of people at a single point in time
- 3. **Drinking water source** Groundwater (open well, borewell, tube well, handpump, spring, etc.)/ surface water (river, lake, pond, reservoir, etc.)/rainwater, available for drinking and domestic use
- 4. Improved sources The following sources as considered improved by the National Family Health Survey definitions: Piped water into dwelling, yard/plot with a tap, piped water connected to public stand-posts, tube well or borewell, Hand pump, dug well– protected, Spring–protected, Rainwater, Water ATM/ Community RO plant/ Community Water Purification Plant (CWPP)
- 5. **Unimproved sources** The following sources as considered unimproved by the National Family Health Survey definitions: Unprotected spring, unprotected dug well, cart with small tank / drum, Tanker/ truck, Surface water (river/ dam/ lake/ pond/ canal), and bottled water
- 6. **Functional Household Tap Connection (FHTC)** A tap connection to a rural household for providing drinking water in adequate quantity of prescribed quality on regular basis.
- 7. **Functionality of FHTC** Functionality of a tap connection is defined as having infrastructure, i.e., household tap connection providing water in adequate quantity, as presented:

Definitions	Fully-functional	Partially-functional	Non-functional
Quantity	>= 55 LPCD	> 40 lpcd - < 55 LPCD	< 40 LPCD
Regularity	12 months or daily basis	9-12 months or < daily basis	< 9 months or < daily basis
Quality	Potable	Potable	Non potable

- 8. **Quantity (in litres)** of water received by households per person per day should meet the service level of 55 LPCD
- 9. **Functionality Assessment** An assessment of the functionality of rural household tap connections based on a sample survey
- 10. **Fully Regular** Regularity of water is considered when a rural household receives water for 12 months on daily basis or as per schedule.
- 11. **Potability –** Potable water is water that is safe to be used as drinking water. Parameters of potable water are mentioned below:

Parameters for potable water tested in the survey		Unit	Acceptable Limit	Permissible Limit in the absence of alternative sources
i.	pH (tested on site)	-	6.5 to 8.5	No relaxation
ii.	Free residual chlorine (tested on site)	Mg/litre	0.2	1
iii.	Turbidity	NTU	1	5
iv.	Total hardness	Mg/litre	200	600
٧.	Total alkalinity	Mg/litre	200	600
vi.	Chloride	Mg/litre	250	1000
vii.	Ammonia	Mg/litre	0.5	No relaxation
viii.	Phosphate	Mg/litre	0.3	1
ix.	Iron (in hotspots only)	Mg/litre	1	No relaxation
х.	Nitrate	Mg/litre	45	No relaxation
xi.	Sulphate	Mg/litre	200	400
xii.	Total dissolved solids	Mg/litre	500	2000
xiii.	Fluoride	Mg/litre	1	1.5



xiv.	Arsenic (in hotspots only)	Mg/litre	0.01	No relaxation
XV.	Bacteriological test for Total bacteria and E. coli or therm coliform bacteria		Shall not be detectable in any	100 ml sample

- 12. **Sampling** Selection of a subset of individuals from within a statistical population to estimate water service delivery among the population. In the current study, households have been sampled to estimate the representation of the village and subsequently of the district as well as of the state.
- 13. Types of schemes: Following are the piped water supply schemes that were assessed
 - a. Mini-solar based piped water supply scheme in isolated/tribal hamlets
 - b. Single Village Scheme (SVS) in villages having adequate groundwater that needs treatment
 - c. Single village scheme (having adequate groundwater/ spring water/ local or surface water source of prescribed Quality)
 - Retrofitting of ongoing schemes taken up under erstwhile NRDWP for the last mile connectivity/ retrofitting of completed rural water supply schemes to make it JJM compliant
 - e. Multi-village PWS scheme with water grids/ regional water supply schemes
- 14. Village Action Plan (VAP) Plan prepared by Gram Panchayat and/ or its sub-committee, i.e., VWSC/ Paani Samiti/ User Group, etc. based on baseline survey, resource mapping and felt needs of the village community to provide FHTC to every rural household, treat the generated greywater and plan its reuse, undertake surveillance activities, etc. VAP also indicates the fund requirement and timelines for completion of work under the Mission and will be approved by the Gram Sabha. Irrespective of the source of funding, all drinking water-related works in the village are taken up based on the VAP.
- 15. **Source Sustainability** includes measures such as aquifer recharge, rainwater harvesting, increased storage capacity of water bodies, reservoirs, de-silting, etc. improve the lifespan of water supply systems
- 16. Har Ghar Jal (HGJ) An administrative unit wherein all HHs are provided with water supply through FHTCs is called "Har Ghar Jal".
- 17. **Public Institutions** The public institutions in the survey include Aanganwadi Centre (AWC), Health Facilities, Schools, Gram Panchayat, and government buildings.
- 18. Working tap connection A tap connection supplied water at least one day in the week, preceding of survey
- **19. Functional Scheme –** A scheme is said to be functional if it was reported to be working for all 12 months in a year.



1. Factsheet

Table 1: District level factsheet

Indicators	Chhattisgarh	Durg				
Functionality status of FHTC at households						
Households (HHs) which received water through FHTC at least	55	94				
once in last 7 days (%)		54				
Fully functional (%)	71	97				
Partially functional (%)	22	2				
Non-functional (%)	7	1				
Quantity of water received by households						
Adequate quantity (>55 LPCD) (%)	89	98				
Partially adequate quantity (> 40 LPCD - < 55 LPCD) (%)	5	1				
Inadequate quantity (<40 LPCD) (%)	6	1				
Regularity of water received by households						
Fully Regular Supply (as per schedule) (%)	85	99				
Partially Regular Supply (not as per schedule) (%)	10	1				
Irregular Supply (less than 9 months' supply) (%)	5	0				
Potable (Quality) water received by households						
Potable (%)	89	100				
Non-potable (%)	11	0				
Residual Chlorine (RCL) detected with in permissible limits (%)	33	6				

Household level indicators		
Households receiving water supply daily-7 days a week (%)	90	100
Daily HH requirement of water being met by FHTC (%)	74	90
Households reported FHTC as a primary source of drinking water (%)	24	15
Households purifying water before drinking (%)	65	35
Households paying water service delivery charges (%)	40	70
Households having coping mechanisms during scarcity (%)	67	33
Households aware of grievance redressal mechanism for reporting problems with FHTC (%)	66	81
Households reported incidence of water-borne diseases in the last year (%)	0	0
Households reported a reduction in time and effort in collecting water (%)	73	92
Overall user satisfaction at the household level		
Regularity (%)	74	87
Overall quality (%)	74	89



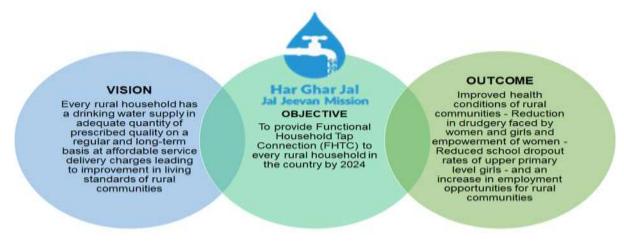
Indicators	Chhattisgarh	Durg
Village level indicators (based on village questionnaire)		
Schemes reported to be functional (%)	40	36
Villages with groundwater resource (%)	66	67
Villages having groundwater recharge structure ¹ (%)	36	50
Water supply and storage status in villages		
Average no. of times water is supplied in a day	1	2
Villages having OHT/ Sump for storage of water (%)	47	61
Water quality monitoring and surveillance in the villages		
Villages with Field Test Kits (%)	20	33
Villages in which bacteriological test was done in last 1 year by	8	0
VWSC/ Pani Samiti (%)		-
Villages reported to have a mechanism for chlorination (%)	3	6
VWSC/Pani Samiti and PWS signage in villages		
Village reported having presence of VWSC/ Pani Samiti (%)	24	11
Villages in which VWSC/ Pani Samiti is responsible for Operation &	4	6
Maintenance of PWS schemes (%)	·	
Villages in which persons are trained to use Field Test Kits (%)	20	22
Villages in which signages about JJM were observed (%)	2	17
Operation and maintenance at village		
Villages levying water service delivery to households (%)	32	61
Convergence of JJM activities with other schemes in the villages	2	6
Villages having skilled manpower for Operation & Maintenance of PWS schemes (%)	17	61
Community monitoring of water wastage in villages (%)	9	28
	•	-0

 $^{^{1}}$ Out of villages who reported to have groundwater source (N_v=12)

2. Context

Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) was launched on the 15th of August 2019 with the objective to provide functional household tap connections (FHTCs) to all rural households.

Figure 1: Har Ghar Jal - Objective, Vision, & Outcome



In accordance with the overall objectives as specified in the Operational Guidelines for the implementation of the NJJM, Gol carried out a sample survey to assess the functionality of household tap connections. As part of this endeavour, NJJM, Gol engaged HTA Kantar Public to conduct the 'Functionality Assessment' of the household as well as public institution/ buildings such as schools, anganwadis, gram panchayat buildings, public health facilities, and wellness centers in all the rural districts for the fiscal year 2021-22.

2.1. District snapshot: Durg

District Durg of Chhattisgarh has a population of 7,00,441. The district has 3 blocks. Out of 384 villages in the district, 40 are SC dominated and 4 are ST dominated villages. The district lies in Eastern Plateau and Hill Region and receives an annual rainfall of 1253.3mm.

Presented here are district level information collated from the DDWS-IMIS:

Figure 2: District IMIS Status & Map

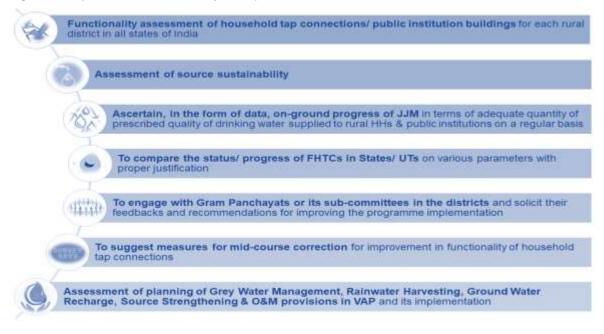
IMIS status:

- 4 (1% of all) villages are Har Ghar Jal
- 380 (99% of all) villages are non-Har ghar Jal
- Non-SC/ST dominated district
- Non-JE/AES
- Yes, history of Contamination.
- 187 (49% of all) villages with PWS are more than 20 FHTC



2.2. FHTC Assessment Objectives

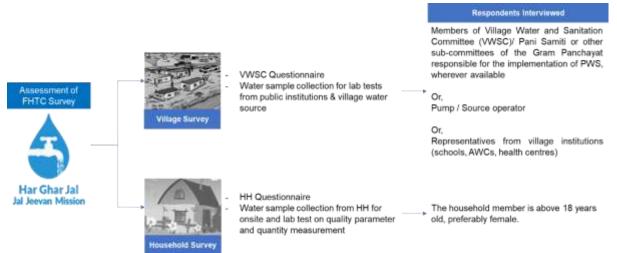
Figure 3: Objectives of Functionality of Tap Connections



2.3. Assessment Methodology

A cross-section research design has been used for this functionality assessment study. Quantitative data were collected from villages and households across all states/UTs using the CAPI (Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing) mode. The survey includes two components, village, and household.

Figure 4: Survey Components & Respondents



2.4. Sample Size

The sample size was calculated to provide estimates with a 95% confidence interval (CI) and 5% margin of error (MoE) after incorporating the correction factor for a finite population considering the total number of geographic units having FHTCs.

- Village sample is estimated to be representative at the state level
- HH sample estimated to be representative at the district level



- Number of Har Ghar Jal (HGJ) villages were proportionately sampled at the district level
- All PWS schemes (up to 4) were covered per village. Per scheme approximately 9 (3 each from the head, middle, and tail HHs) or 18 households (6 each from head, middle, and tail HHs) were sampled to achieve the desired sample at the district level.

2.5. Sampling Methodology

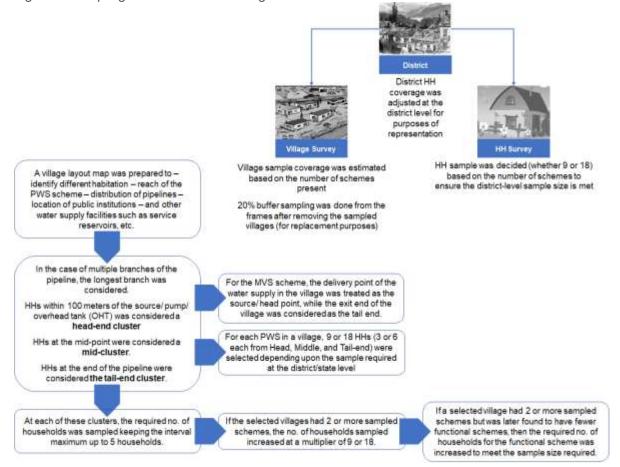
As per the design, all villages having a PWS scheme with 20 or more functional household tap connections were included in the sample frame. The probability proportionate to size (PPS) method was used for village selection in each district. The steps for random selection of villages using PPS are as presented:

Figure 5: Steps for Village Sampling



The key considerations for the village and household sampling were:

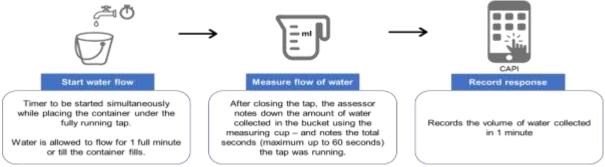
Figure 6: Sampling Considerations – Village & Households



The record of all district-wise village replacements is maintained and reported as part of the annexure.

2.6. Methodology for Water Quantity Measurement at Households

Figure 7: Steps for Measuring Flowrate from Supply-tap at HHs



The flow rate of the water supply was measured using a container with gradual markings (either 5 litres or 1 litre, based on the flow of the tap) and a stopwatch/timer-watch. The process followed is as described in Figure 7.

In the case of households where the FHTC is connected directly with the storage tank, the following steps were adopted to measure the quantity:

- Assessor first asked and recorded length, breadth, and height.
- Assessor dipped a 5 feet long rod, marked the level of the water table, and calculated the volume – length x breadth x-height of water.
- Next the assessor opened the valve of the connection and allowed the water to flow inside the storage for 10 minutes.
- After 10 mins, the valve was closed, and the assessor again dipped the rod and recorded the new height of the water inside the tank. Based on this new 'height' and the CAPI calculated the changed volume.
- The difference in the volume of water in 10 minutes divided by 10 provided the flow rate of the water supply per minute.

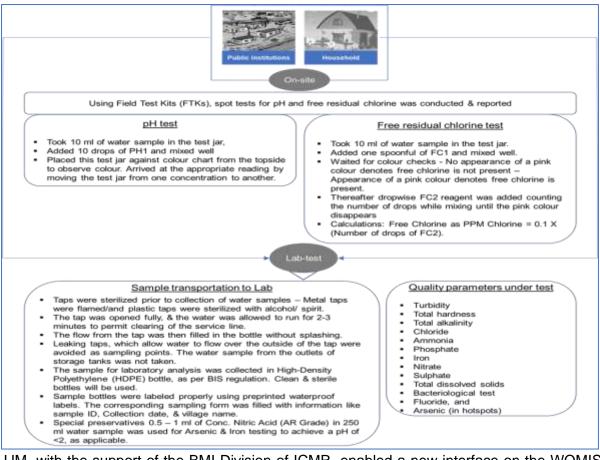
The water flow rate was not measured for village-level public institutions.

2.7. Methodology for Water Quality Measurement

Water quality was tested for all public institutions available in the villages, including schools, anganwadis, gram panchayat buildings, public health facilities, and wellness centers, and at the selected households. Two types of quality tests were carried out – a) spot test for pH and free residual chlorine, and b) water sample was collected and transported to labs for testing against 13 quality parameters (total 15) as specified in Figure 8.



Figure 8: On-site & Laboratory Based Quality Test



JJM, with the support of the BMI Division of ICMR, enabled a new interface on the WQMIS portal for "Functionality Assessment (FA) User" to enable seamless harmonization of water sample registration, sample submission for testing, and sharing of results as per the applicable quality parameters.

2.8. Project implementation

An overview of the project implementation is as presented:

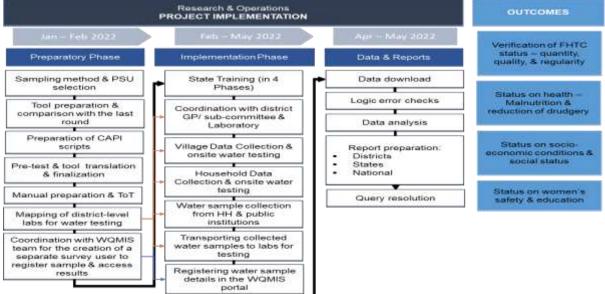


Figure 9: Broad project implementation framework



A total of 8 teams (comprising 8 supervisors, 48 assessors, and 8 water collection assistants) were recruited, trained, and deployed to complete the survey across the state of Chhattisgarh. One survey team covered approximately 2 - 3 districts. The state-wise team deployment and fieldwork dates were as presented:

Table No. 1:	State-wise team deployment and data collection start & end dates				
State		Teams deployed	Start date	End date	Total data collection days
Chhattisgarh		8 Teams	2/28/2022	4/20/2022	50 Days

A four-tier quality control (QC) system was put in place. At the ground level, the data collection exercise was done using a computer-aided Personal Interview (CAPI) application which contained all logic and skip-checks inbuilt. Also, 5% of the total samples were accompanied by the supervisors. Sub-targeted QC was done by the state field managers (5%) and the central project management team (5%). Apart from this, the central research team monitored the data trend and as per requirement debriefed data collection teams to improve quality.

2.9. Sample coverage

Table No. 2: Sa	ample covered				
	Targetee	d sample	Achieved sample		
District	Village	НН	Village	нн	Public Institutions
Durg	18	387	18	389	30
Chhattisgarh	383	10,611	383	10,711	312

2.10. Sampled village and household profile

SAMPLED VILLAGES	SAMPLED HOUSEHOLDS
 Total no. of villages covered in the district – 18 Percentage of SC dominated villages covered in the district is 11% (which is slightly higher than the state average, i.e., 8%) Percentage of ST dominated villages covered 	 Total no. of households covered in the district – 367 Proportion of General - 13%, SC 16%, ST% 7, OBC 63% households 32% of the FHTC connections are under the
 in the district is None (which is lower than the state average, i.e., 54%) Higher proportion of sarpanch interviewed at the village level Yes, the district reported to have any historical incidence of water contamination 	 name of a female member Average household size – 6 >75% positive user experience in 5/5 measures



3. Findings

3.1. Functionality status of FHTC at household level

A. Overall Functionality* (in %)

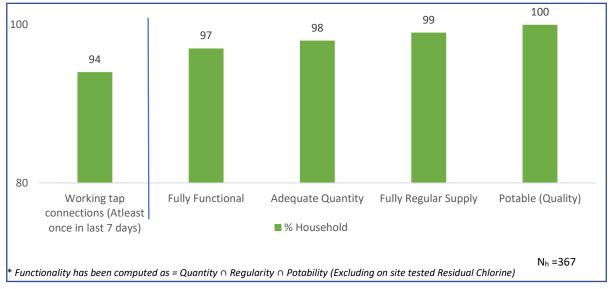


Figure 10: Functionality of HH tap connection

It has been found that 94 percent of the sampled HHs (N=367) had working tap connections (i.e., received water at least once in last 7 days). More than nine out of ten (97 percent) HHs had fully functional tap connection (i.e., HHs receiving adequate quantity of prescribed quality of water on a regular basis).

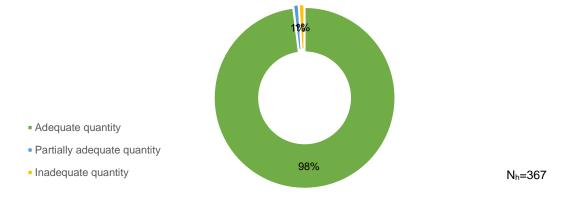
Quantity, Regularity, and Quality of Water

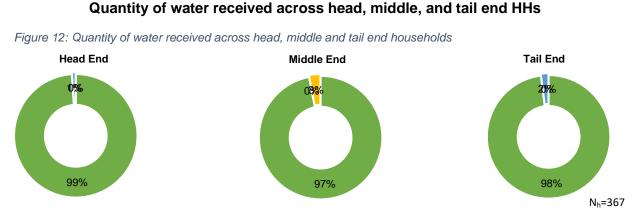
Under JJM, functionality is defined as having infrastructure, i.e., household tap connection providing water in adequate quantity (55 LPCD or more) of prescribed quality on regular basis (every day or as decided by GP and/ or its sub-committee) with adequate pressure. It will also include long-term source and system sustainability. Presented here are the findings in this respect.

A. Water quantity measured as LPCD (Litres per Capita per Day)

98% HHs reported receiving adequate quantity of water

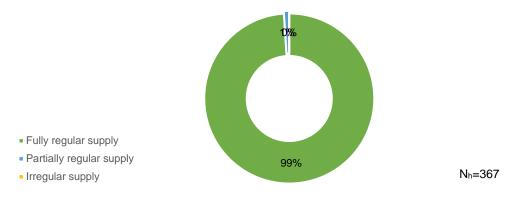
Figure 11: Quantity of water received by households





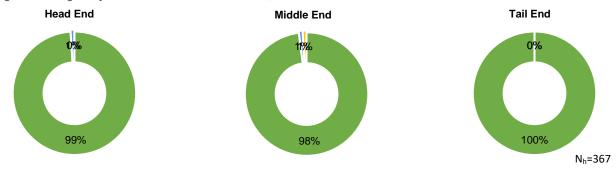
B. Regularity of water supply to households

99% HHs receive a regular supply of water (as per agreed schedule) *Figure: Regularity of water received by households*



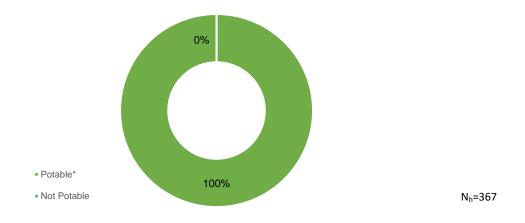
Regularity of water received across head, middle, and tail end

Figure 13: Regularity of water received across head, middle and tail end households



C. Water quality – Potability

Figure 14: Potable water received by households



*Potable water has been considered basis testing of water samples through laboratory tests for physical, chemical, and bacteriological as given in Table 4 parameters (within acceptable/permissible range) and onsite testing of pH. The details of laboratory test are mentioned in the table given above in the glossary.

 Table No. 3: Village quality parameters reported within permissible range (% sample within permissible range)

	Water Samples Tested from Public Institutes					
Quality Parameters (N _v =32)	Anganwadi	Hospital Health	Schools	Others		
pH (on-site)	100		100	100		
Turbidity	100		100	100		
Total Hardness	100		100	100		
Total Alkalinity	100		100	100		
Chloride	100		100	100		
Ammonia						
Iron	100	Not tested	100	100		
Nitrate	100		100	100		
Sulphate	100		100	100		
Total Dissolved Solids	100		100	100		
Bacteriological Test	100		100	100		
Fluoride	No history					
Arsenic	No history					



Table No. 4:	Household water quality parameters reported within permissible range (in
	% sample within permissible range)

Quality Parameters	No of samples tested	% Households	
pH (on-site)	367	100	
Turbidity	346	100	
Total Hardness	337	100	
Total Alkalinity	346	100	
Chloride	345	100	
Ammonia	0	0	
Iron	342	100	
Nitrate	344	100	
Sulphate	344	100	
Total Dissolved Solids	310	100	
Bacteriological Test(Absence)	341	100	
Fluoride	No history		
Arsenic	No history		

Safeguarding piped water supply for unforeseen bacteriological contamination-Presence of Residual Chlorine (RC)

The Residual Chlorine (RC) in the Solan district was found in 6% samples. Out of which None of the samples were having RC outside range whereas 94% samples, had no RC. It may be mentioned that 100% of water samples passed the bacteriological contamination test but to assure the protection against bacteriological contamination, addition of RC is must in PWS system.

The Residual Chlorine in piped water supply is one of the most important preventive actions to assure quality of water against bacteriological contamination from source to consumption. The presence of residual chlorine within permissible limits is indicator of well-maintained and healthy piped water supply system.

It is advised that behavioural change communication campaigns on appropriate dosage of residual chlorine is held in all villages and monitoring system for chlorine dosing is established. The FTK must have residual chlorine testing facility for effective WQM&S.

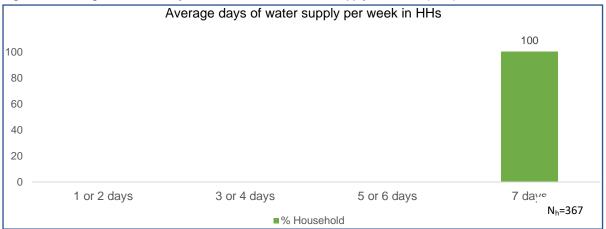
Comment on functioning of District Lab:

The district lab tested water samples for 10 water quality parameters. 397 water samples were submitted, and 370 water samples were tested, and reports made available. The turnaround time for testing was more than 48 hours in most cases.

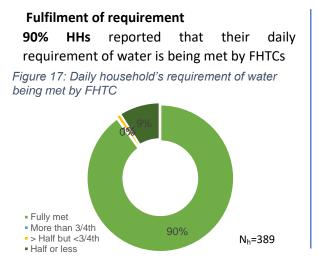
The labs did not have capacity to test more than ~20 number of samples and had issues of human resource, regents and even another sample has been dispatched in other district labs etc.

3.2. Average water supply days in a week

Figure 15: Average number of days households receive water supply in a week (in %)



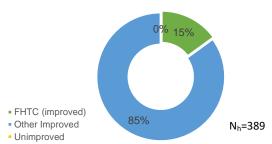
3.3. Household utilization of water for drinking and other activities

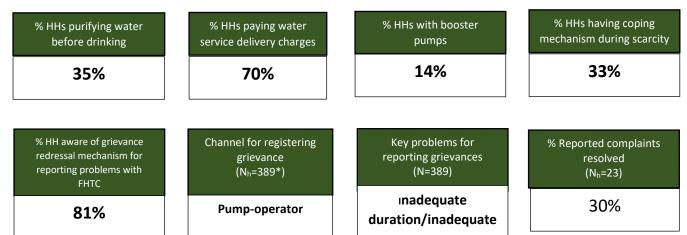


3.4. Status at HH level (Nh=389)

Primary source of drinking water 15% HHs reported HH tap connection as their primary source of drinking water

Figure 18: Households reported FHTC as primary source of drinking water.





*HHs who reported complaints in last 1 year

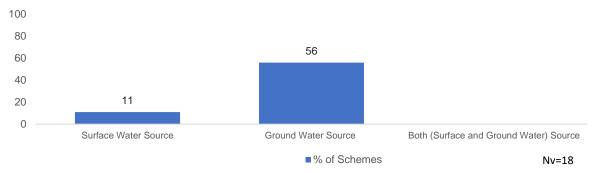


Source sustainability at the village level 3.5.

Schemes based on surface and ground water

11% of schemes are reported to be based on surface water and 56% ground water.

Figure 19: Schemes based on water source in village

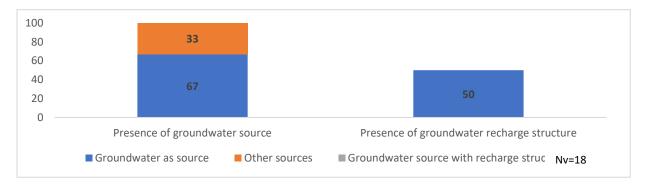


*'Surface Water Source' is Stream, Spring, Glacier, River, lake, pond etc. and Groundwater Source is open well, borewell, tube well, handpump, spring, etc

Villages reported having presence of a groundwater source

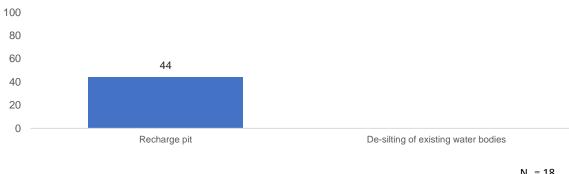
67% of villages reported the presence of groundwater sources like improved dug wells and borewells, and 50% were supported by recharging structures.

Figure 20: Villages reported the presence of groundwater sources and among those how many reported to have a recharge structure



The top 3 other source sustainability measure taken by villages

Figure 21: Villages reported having taken other source sustainability measure



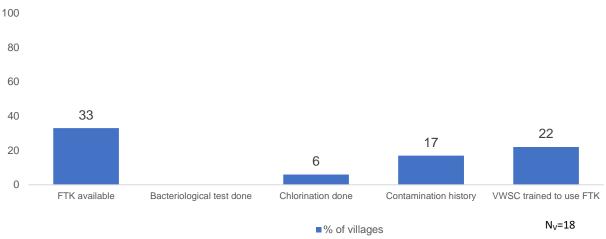
% of villages

N_v = 18



3.6. Water quality monitoring and surveillance in the villages

Figure 22: Water quality monitoring and surveillance by villages



3.7. Status of JJM

A. VWSC/Pani Samiti and PWS signage in villages (Nv=18)

Presence of VWSC/Pani	VWSC/Pani Samiti	% Villages – VWSC/PO	% villages in which signages about JJM was
Samiti	responsible for O&M	trained to use FTKs	
11%	6%	22%	17%

B. Water supply, storage, and operation & maintenance at village level (N_v=18)

Average no. of supply in a day	in a % Villages levying water % Villages having skilled service delivery to HH human resource available		Community monitoring of water wastage in villages	
2	61%	61%	17%	
% Villages having OHT/ Sump	% Villages having faced O&M challenges	Primary points for reporting grievances	Key problems for reporting grievances	
61%	0%	Block functionary	Other	

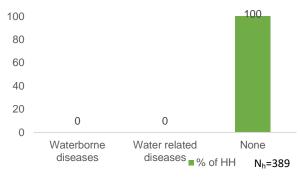


3.8. Perception of HHs on Outcome Indicators

a. Health

Incidence of water borne diseases at HH level in last one year as reported

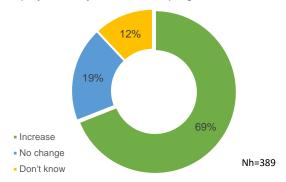
Figure 23: Household reported incidence of water borne diseases in last one year



b. Economic Income

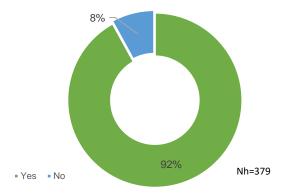
Change in employment days since FHTC programs/schemes

Figure 24: Household reported a change in employment days since FHTC programmes /schemes



c. Drudgery Reduction in time and effort in collecting water

Figure 25: Households reported reduction in time and effort in collecting water



3.9. User satisfaction

Table No	Table No. 5: User satisfaction - more than 75% happy with FHTC services					
S. No.	Parameter (N _h =389) In %					
1	Regularity	87				
2	Overall quality	\odot	89			
3	Colour	\odot	90			
4	Taste	91				
5	Odour	\odot	90			

Note:

Base (N_v) =18 means all villages sampled and covered in Durg district

Base (N_H) =389 means all households sampled and covered across the 18 villages in Durg district Base (N_H) =389 means all households where female members used to fetch water before HH tap connection



4. Annexures

4.1. Summary of villages

Table No. 6: Village Summary						
S.No.	Name of sample village	Sample HHs	Actual sample HHs (achieved)	No. of scheme	No of source of surface water	No of source of Ground water
1	Total	387	407	21	29	23
2	Deori	18	19	1	20	1
3	Khajari	18	19	1		1
4	Biroda	18	19	1	3	2
5	Sankara	36	37	1	4	1
6	Nandni Khundni	27	28	1		
7	Bhatgaon	18	19	1	4	1
8	Khamariya	18	19	3	6	2
9	Dhanora	18	19	1		2
10	Rasmada	36	37	1	1	
11	Thanod	18	19	1		3
12	Maha Mara	18	19	1		2
13	Raveli	18	19	1		
14	Asoga	36	37	1	3	3
15	Magarghata	18	19	1	6	2
16	Ghorari	18	20	1	2	
17	Jheet	18	19	2		
18	Godadih	18	20	1		
19	Temri	18	19	1		3

4.2. Functionality – 55 LPCD vs regularity vs potability vs working tap connection.

Table	Table No. 7: Functionality of HH tap connection					
S. No.	Village	Fully Functional* (% HH)	Adequate Quantity (% HH)	Fully Regular Supply (% HH)	Potable (Quality) (% HH)	Working tap connections (%HH)
1	Total	97.3	97.8	99.2	100.0	100.0
2	Deori	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
3	Khajari	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
4	Biroda	61.1	61.1	100.0	100.0	100.0
5	Sankara	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6	Nandni Khundni	96.3	100.0	96.3	100.0	100.0
7	Bhatgaon	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
8	Khamariya	94.4	100.0	94.4	100.0	100.0
9	Dhanora	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
10	Rasmada	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
11	Thanod	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
12	Maha Mara	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
13	Raveli	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
14	Asoga	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
15	Magarghata	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16	Jheet	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
17	Godadih	94.7	94.7	94.7	100.0	100.0
18	Temri	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

* Fully Functional has been computed as = Adequate Quantity \cap Fully Regularity Supply \cap Potable (Quality)"



4.3. Villages not meeting the quality parameters

1. pH (Acceptable Range- 6.5 to 8.5) S.No. Block Name Panchayat Name Villages No. of HHs outside the acceptable range 1. Definition Acceptable Range-0.2 to 1 PPM) Hts outside the acceptable range 2. Free residual chlorine (Acceptable Range-0.2 to 1 PPM) HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range 1. Dhamdha Bioda Bioda 0 18 2. Dhamdha Bioda Bioda 0 18 2. Damodha Bioda Bioda 0 18 2. Sinkara Sankara Sankara 0 16 3. Durg Bhatqaon Bhatqaon Bhatqaon 0 18 4. Durora Dhanora Dhanora 0 17 4. Mahamara Mahamara 0 18 7 Mahamara Mahamara 0 18 8 Jheet Jheet Jheet 16 1. Thanod Thanod 18 18 <	Table No. 8: Quality parameters dissatisfied at village level						
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7. Ammonia (Acceptable Range- 0.5 Milligram/litre) S.No. Block Name Panchayat Name Villages HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range NA NA NA NA NA NA 8. Iron (Acceptable Range- 1 Milligram/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range S.No. Block Name Panchayat Name Villages NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA S.No. Block Name Panchayat Name Villages NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA S.No. Block Name Panchayat Name Villages NA NA NA NA N	NA		NA	NA	NA		
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S.No.Block NamePanchayat NameVillagesHHs outside the acceptable/permissible rangeNANANANA9. Nit	8. Iro	n (Acceptable	e Range- 1 Milligram	/litre)			
9. Nitrate (Acceptable Range- 1 Milligram/litre) S.No. Block Name Panchayat Name Villages HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range NA NA NA NA NA NA 10. Sulphate (Acceptable Range- 200 to 400 Milligram/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range S.No. Block Name Panchayat Name Villages HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range NA NA NA NA NA NA	S.No.		Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	ible range	
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Block Name Panchayat Name Villages HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range NA NA NA NA NA	S.No.		Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	ible range	
S.No. Block Name Panchayat Name Villages HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range NA NA NA NA NA							
S.No.NamePanchayat NameVillagesHHs outside the acceptable/permissible rangeNANANANA	10. Su		otable Range- 200 to	400 Milligran	n/litre)		
	S.No.		Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	ible range	
11. Total dissolved solids (Acceptable Range- 500 to 2000 Milligram/litre)		NA					
	11. To	tal dissolved	solids (Acceptable I	Range- 500 to	2000 Milligram/litre)		



S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range		
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
12. Ba	cteriological	test (Presence)				
S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range		
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
13. Flu	uoride (Accep	table Range- 1 to 1.	5 Milligram /li	tre)		
S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range		
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
14. Ar	14. Arsenic (in hotspots) (Acceptable Range- 0.01 Milligram /litre)					
S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range		
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		

