

Functionality Assessment of Household Tap Connection under National Jal Jeevan Mission - 2022



District Report: South, Sikkim Survey Duration: February to April 2022

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Abbreviations

AWC	Aanganwadi Centre
FHTC Functional Household Tap Connection	
Gol	Government of India
GP	Gram Panchayat
HF	Health Facility
HH	Household
HGJ	Har Ghar Jal
JJM	Jal Jeevan Mission
LPCD	Litres per Capita per Day
MVS Multi-village Scheme	
NJJM National Jal Jeevan Mission	
RC	Residual Chlorine
O&M Operation and Maintenance	
OHT Over Head Tank	
PSU	Primary Sampling Unit
PWS	Piped Water Supply
SVS	Single Village Scheme
VAP Village Action Plan	
VWSC	Village Water and Sanitation Committee
WQMIS Water Quality Monitoring and Information System	

Glossary

- 1. **Community** Group of people living in one particular area or village/habitation
- 2. **Cross-sectional research** A cross-sectional study is a type of research design in which data is collected from a relatively large and diverse group of people at a single point in time
- 3. **Drinking water source** Groundwater (open well, borewell, tube well, handpump, spring, etc.)/ surface water (river, lake, pond, reservoir, etc.)/rainwater, available for drinking and domestic use
- 4. Improved sources The following sources as considered improved by the National Family Health Survey definitions: Piped water into dwelling, yard/plot with a tap, piped water connected to public stand-posts, tube well or borewell, Hand pump, dug well– protected, Spring–protected, Rainwater, Water ATM/ Community RO plant/ Community Water Purification Plant (CWPP)
- 5. **Unimproved sources** The following sources as considered unimproved by the National Family Health Survey definitions: Unprotected spring, unprotected dug well, cart with small tank / drum, Tanker/ truck, Surface water (river/ dam/ lake/ pond/ canal), and bottled water
- 6. **Functional Household Tap Connection (FHTC)** A tap connection to a rural household for providing drinking water in adequate quantity of prescribed quality on regular basis.
- 7. **Functionality of FHTC** Functionality of a tap connection is defined as having infrastructure, i.e., household tap connection providing water in adequate quantity, as presented:

Definitions	Fully-functional	Partially-functional	Non-functional
Quantity	>= 55 LPCD	> 40 lpcd - < 55 LPCD	< 40 LPCD
Regularity	12 months or daily basis	9-12 months or < daily basis	< 9 months or < daily basis
Quality	Potable	Potable	Non potable

- 8. **Quantity (in litres)** of water received by households per person per day should meet the service level of 55 LPCD
- 9. **Functionality Assessment** An assessment of the functionality of rural household tap connections based on a sample survey
- 10. **Fully Regular –** Regularity of water is considered when a rural household receives water for 12 months on daily basis or as per schedule.
- 11. **Potability –** Potable water is water that is safe to be used as drinking water. Parameters of potable water are mentioned below:

Parameters for potable water tested in the survey				Permissible Limit in the absence of alternative sources
i.	pH (tested on site)	-	6.5 to 8.5	No relaxation
ii.	Free residual chlorine (tested on site)	Mg/litre	0.2	1
iii.	Turbidity	NTU	1	5
iv.	Total hardness	Mg/litre	200	600
٧.	Total alkalinity	Mg/litre	200	600
vi.	Chloride	Mg/litre	250	1000
vii.	Ammonia	Mg/litre	0.5	No relaxation
viii.	Phosphate	Mg/litre	0.3	1
ix.	Iron (in hotspots only)	Mg/litre	1	No relaxation
Х.	Nitrate	Mg/litre	45	No relaxation
xi.	Sulphate	Mg/litre	200	400
xii.	Total dissolved solids	Mg/litre	500	2000
xiii.	Fluoride	Mg/litre	1	1.5

Parameters for potable water tested in the survey				Permissible Limit in the absence of alternative sources
xiv.	Arsenic (in hotspots only)	Mg/litre	0.01	No relaxation
XV.	Bacteriological test for Total bacteria and E. coli or therm coliform bacteria		Shall not be detectable in	n any 100 ml sample

- 12. **Sampling** Selection of a subset of individuals from within a statistical population to estimate water service delivery among the population. In the current study, households have been sampled to estimate the representation of the village and subsequently of the district as well as of the state.
- 13. Types of schemes: Following are the piped water supply schemes that were assessed
 - a. Mini-solar based piped water supply scheme in isolated/tribal hamlets
 - b. Single Village Scheme (SVS) in villages having adequate groundwater that needs treatment
 - c. Single village scheme (having adequate groundwater/ spring water/ local or surface water source of prescribed Quality)
 - Retrofitting of ongoing schemes taken up under erstwhile NRDWP for the last mile connectivity/ retrofitting of completed rural water supply schemes to make it JJM compliant
 - e. Multi-village PWS scheme with water grids/ regional water supply schemes
- 14. Village Action Plan (VAP) Plan prepared by Gram Panchayat and/ or its sub-committee, i.e., VWSC/ Paani Samiti/ User Group, etc. based on baseline survey, resource mapping and felt needs of the village community to provide FHTC to every rural household, treat the generated greywater and plan its reuse, undertake surveillance activities, etc. VAP also indicates the fund requirement and timelines for completion of work under the Mission and will be approved by the Gram Sabha. Irrespective of the source of funding, all drinking water-related works in the village are taken up based on the VAP.
- 15. **Source Sustainability** includes measures such as aquifer recharge, rainwater harvesting, increased storage capacity of water bodies, reservoirs, de-silting, etc. improve the lifespan of water supply systems
- 16. **Har Ghar Jal (HGJ)** An administrative unit wherein all HHs are provided with water supply through FHTCs is called "Har Ghar Jal".
- 17. **Public Institutions** The public institutions in the survey include Aanganwadi Centre (AWC), Health Facilities, Schools, Gram Panchayat, and government buildings.
- 18. **Working tap connection –** A tap connection supplied water at least one day in the week, preceding of survey
- 19. **Functional Scheme –** A scheme is said to be functional if it was reported to be working for all 12 months in a year.

1. Factsheet

Table 1: District level factsheet

Indicators	State	District
Functionality status of FHTC at households		
Households (HHs) which received water through FHTC at least once in last 7 days (%)	100	100
Fully functional (%)	48	33
Partially functional (%)	47	56
Non-functional (%)	5	11
Quantity of water received by households		
Adequate quantity (>55 LPCD) (%)	92	84
Partially adequate quantity (> 40 LPCD - < 55 LPCD) (%)	4	9
Inadequate quantity (<40 LPCD) (%)	4	7
Regularity of water received by households		
Fully Regular Supply (as per schedule) (%)	89	68
Partially Regular Supply (not as per schedule) (%)	9	22
Irregular Supply (less than 9 months' supply) (%)	2	10
Potable (Quality) water received by households		
Potable (%)	57	55
Non-potable (%)	43	45
Residual Chlorine (RCL) detected with in permissible limits (%)	1	6

Household level indicators		
Households receiving water supply daily-7 days a week (%)	88	78
Daily HH requirement of water being met by FHTC (%)	94	97
Households reported FHTC as a primary source of drinking water (%)	91	95
Households purifying water before drinking (%)	77	92
Households paying water service delivery charges (%)	9	7
Households having coping mechanisms during scarcity (%)	24	57
Households aware of grievance redressal mechanism for reporting	38	33
problems with FHTC (%)		
Households reported incidence of water-borne diseases in the last year (%)	0	0
Households reported a reduction in time and effort in collecting water (%)	93	89
Overall user satisfaction at the household level		
Regularity (%)	86	77
Overall quality (%)	94	86

Indicators	State	District
Village level indicators (based on village questionnaire)		
Schemes reported to be functional (%)	62	30
Villages with groundwater resource (%)	4	14
Villages having groundwater recharge structure ¹ (%)	0	0
Water supply and storage status in villages		
Average no. of times water is supplied in a day	2	2
Villages having OHT/ Sump for storage of water (%)	25	70
Water quality monitoring and surveillance in the villages		
Villages with Field Test Kits (%)	7	0
Villages in which bacteriological test was done in last 1 year by VWSC/	1	2
Pani Samiti (%)		
Villages reported to have a mechanism for chlorination (%)	2	0
VWSC/Pani Samiti and PWS signage in villages		
Village reported having presence of VWSC/ Pani Samiti (%)	2	6
Villages in which VWSC/ Pani Samiti is responsible for Operation & Maintenance of PWS schemes (%)	0	0
Villages in which persons are trained to use Field Test Kits (%)	6	0
Villages in which signages about JJM were observed (%)	2	4
Operation and maintenance at village		
Villages levying water service delivery to households (%)	12	4
Convergence of JJM activities with other schemes in the villages (%)	0	0
Villages having skilled manpower for Operation & Maintenance of PWS	13	14
schemes (%)		
Community monitoring of water wastage in villages (%)	3	8

 $^{\rm 1}$ Out of villages who reported to have groundwater source (Nv=7)



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2. Context

Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) was launched on the 15th of August 2019 with the objective to provide functional household tap connections (FHTCs) to all rural households.

Figure 1: Har Ghar Jal - Objective, Vision, & Outcome



In accordance with the overall objectives as specified in the Operational Guidelines for the implementation of the NJJM, GoI carried out a sample survey to assess the functionality of household tap connections. As part of this endeavour, NJJM, GoI engaged HTA Kantar Public to conduct the 'Functionality Assessment' of the household as well as public institution/buildings such as schools, anganwadis, gram panchayat buildings, public health facilities, and wellness centers in all the rural districts for the fiscal year 2021-22.

2.1. District snapshot: South

District South of Sikkim has a population of 1,29,669. The district has 8 blocks. Out of 145 villages in the district, 6 are SC dominated and 35 are ST dominated villages. The district lies in Eastern Himalayan region and receives an annual rainfall of 2,747.9mm.

Presented here are district level information collated from the DDWS-IMIS:

Figure 2: District IMIS Status & Map

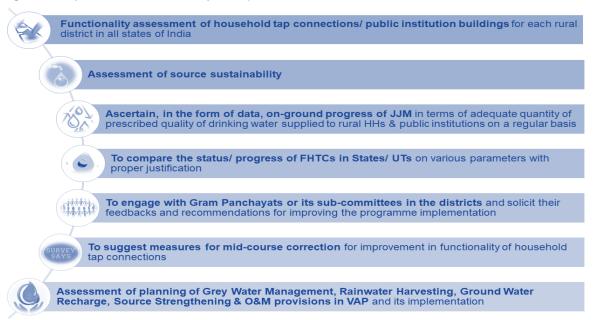
IMIS status:

- 53 (37% of all) villages are Har Ghar Jal
- 92 (63% of all) villages are non-Har ghar Jal
- Non-SC/ST dominated district
- Non, JE/AES
- No- History
- 129 (89% of all) villages with PWS more than 20 FHTC



2.2. FHTC Assessment Objectives

Figure 3: Objectives of Functionality of Tap Connections



2.3. Assessment Methodology

A cross-section research design has been used for this functionality assessment study. Quantitative data were collected from villages and households across all states/UTs using the CAPI (Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing) mode. The survey includes two components, village, and household.

Figure 4: Survey Components & Respondents



2.4. Sample Size

The sample size was calculated to provide estimates with a 95% confidence interval (CI) and 5% margin of error (MoE) after incorporating the correction factor for a finite population considering the total number of geographic units having FHTCs.

- Village sample is estimated to be representative at the state level
- HH sample estimated to be representative at the district level

- Number of Har Ghar Jal (HGJ) villages were proportionately sampled at the district level
- All PWS schemes (up to 4) were covered per village. Per scheme approximately 9 (3 each from the head, middle, and tail HHs) or 18 households (6 each from head, middle, and tail HHs) were sampled to achieve the desired sample at the district level.

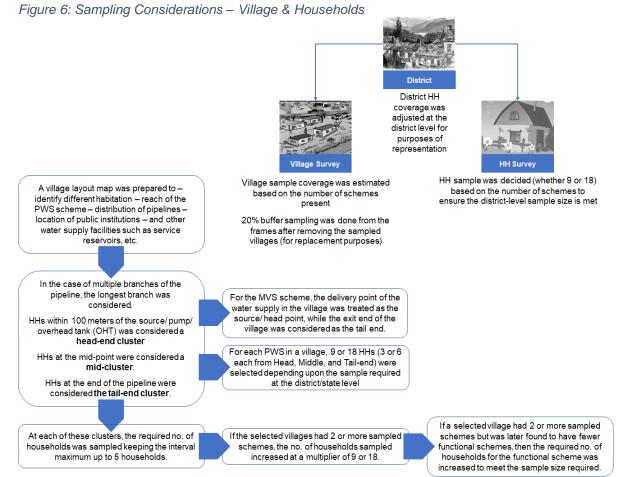
2.5. Sampling Methodology

As per the design, all villages having a PWS scheme with 20 or more functional household tap connections were included in the sample frame. The probability proportionate to size (PPS) method was used for village selection in each district. The steps for random selection of villages using PPS are as presented:

Figure 5: Steps for Village Sampling



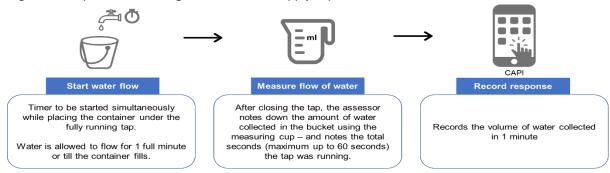
The key considerations for the village and household sampling were:



The record of all district-wise village replacements is maintained and reported as part of the annexure.

2.6. Methodology for Water Quantity Measurement at Households

Figure 7: Steps for Measuring Flowrate from Supply-tap at HHs



The flow rate of the water supply was measured using a container with gradual markings (either 5 litres or 1 litre, based on the flow of the tap) and a stopwatch/timer-watch. The process followed is as described in Figure 7.

In the case of households where the FHTC is connected directly with the storage tank, the following steps were adopted to measure the quantity:

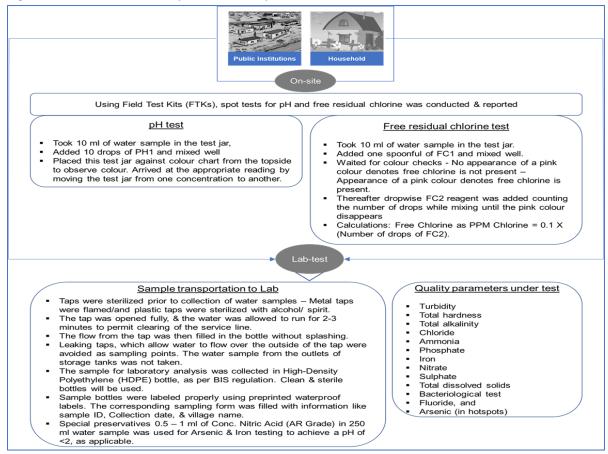
- Assessor first asked and recorded length, breadth, and height.
- Assessor dipped a 5 feet long rod, marked the level of the water table, and calculated the volume – length x breadth x-height of water.
- Next the assessor opened the valve of the connection and allowed the water to flow inside the storage for 10 minutes.
- After 10 mins, the valve was closed, and the assessor again dipped the rod and recorded the new height of the water inside the tank. Based on this new 'height' and the CAPI calculated the changed volume.
- The difference in the volume of water in 10 minutes divided by 10 provided the flow rate of the water supply per minute.

The water flow rate was not measured for village-level public institutions.

2.7. Methodology for Water Quality Measurement

Water quality was tested for all public institutions available in the villages, including schools, anganwadis, gram panchayat buildings, public health facilities, and wellness centers, and at the selected households. Two types of quality tests were carried out – a) spot test for pH and free residual chlorine, and b) water sample was collected and transported to labs for testing against 13 quality parameters (total 15) as specified in Figure 8.

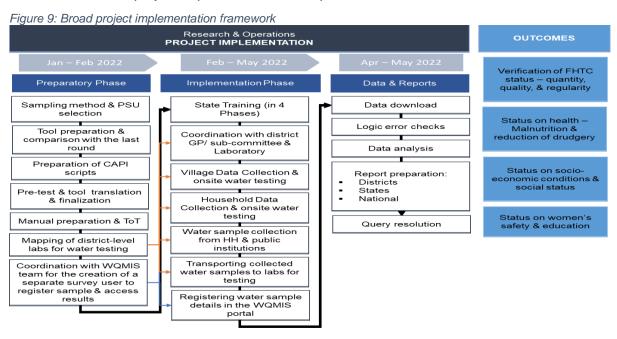
Figure 8: On-site & Laboratory Based Quality Test



JJM, with the support of the BMI Division of ICMR, enabled a new interface on the WQMIS portal for "Functionality Assessment (FA) User" to enable seamless harmonization of water sample registration, sample submission for testing, and sharing of results as per the applicable quality parameters.

2.8. Project implementation

An overview of the project implementation is as presented:



A total of 4 teams (comprising 4 supervisors, 24 assessors, and 4 water collection assistants) were recruited, trained, and deployed to complete the survey across the state of Sikkim. One survey team covered approximately 2 - 3 districts. The state-wise team deployment and fieldwork dates were as presented:

Table No. 1: State-wise team deployment and data collection start & end dates					
State	Teams deployed	Start date	End date	Total data collection days	
Sikkim	4 Teams	05/03/2022	31/03/2022	26 days	

A four-tier quality control (QC) system was put in place. At the ground level, the data collection exercise was done using a computer-aided Personal Interview (CAPI) application which contained all logic and skip-checks inbuilt. Also, 5% of the total samples were accompanied by the supervisors. Sub-targeted QC was done by the state field managers (5%) and the central project management team (5%). Apart from this, the central research team monitored the data trend and as per requirement debriefed data collection teams to improve quality.

2.9. Sample coverage

Table No. 2: Sample covered						
Targeted sample		Achieved sample				
District	Village	HH	Village	HH	Public Institutions	
South	50	909	50	930	0	
Sikkim	198	4095	198	4113	5	

2.10. Sampled village and household profile

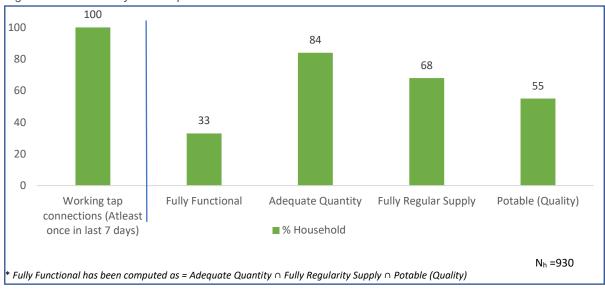
SAMPLED VILLAGES SAMPLED HOUSEHOLDS Total no. of villages covered in the district - 50 Total no. of households covered in the district Percentage of SC dominated villages covered -930in the district is 6% (which is slightly higher Proportion of General - 8%, SC 5%, ST% 44, than the state average, i.e.,2%) OBC 43% households Percentage of ST dominated villages covered 34% of the FHTC connections are under the in the district is 20% (which is slightly lower name of a female member than the state average, i.e., 42%) Average household size - 5 Higher proportion of panchayat member >75% positive user experience in 5/5 interviewed at the village level measures No, the district reported to have any historical incidence of water contamination

3. Findings

3.1. Functionality status of FHTC at household level

A. Overall Functionality* (in %)

Figure 10: Functionality of HH tap connection



It has been found that 100 percent of the sampled HHs (N=930) had working tap connections (i.e., received water at least once in last 7 days). More than three out of ten (33 percent) HHs had fully functional tap connection (i.e., HHs receiving adequate quantity of prescribed quality of water on a regular basis).

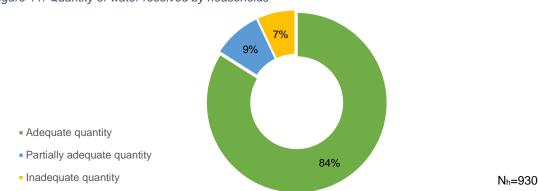
3.2. Quantity, Regularity, and Quality of Water

Under JJM, functionality is defined as having infrastructure, i.e., household tap connection providing water in adequate quantity (55 LPCD or more) of prescribed quality on regular basis (every day or as decided by GP and/ or its sub-committee) with adequate pressure. It will also include long-term source and system sustainability. Presented here are the findings in this respect.

A. Water quantity measured as LPCD (Litres per Capita per Day)

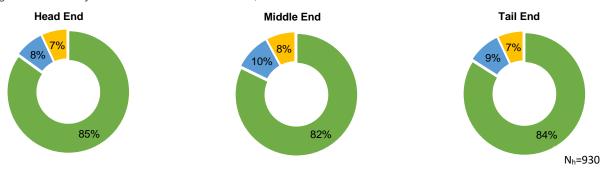
84% HHs reported receiving adequate quantity of water

Figure 11: Quantity of water received by households



Quantity of water received across head, middle, and tail end HHs

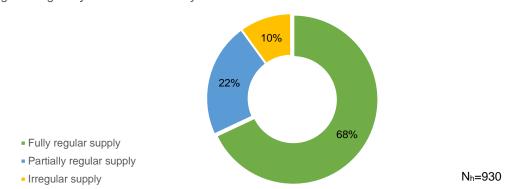
Figure 12: Quantity of water received across head, middle and tail end households



B. Regularity of water supply to households

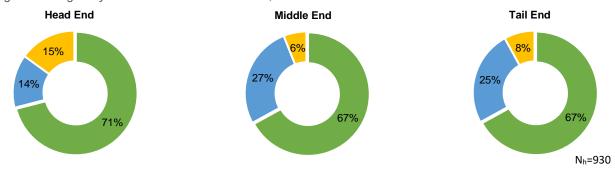
68% HHs receive a regular supply of water (as per agreed schedule)

Figure: Regularity of water received by households



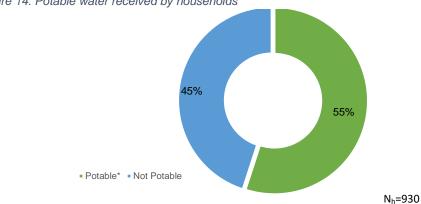
Regularity of water received across head, middle, and tail end

Figure 13: Regularity of water received across head, middle and tail end households



C. Water quality - Potability

Figure 14: Potable water received by households



*Potable water has been considered basis testing of water samples through laboratory tests for physical, chemical, and bacteriological as given in Table 4 parameters (within acceptable/permissible range) and onsite testing of pH. The details of laboratory test are mentioned in the table given above in the glossary.

Table No. 3: Village quality parameters reported within permissible range (% sample within permissible range)

No public institutes were found in any of the villages within the district

Table No. 4: Household water quality parameters reported within permissible range (in % sample within permissible range)

Quality Parameters	No of water samples tested	% Samples within permissible range		
pH (on-site)	930	88		
Turbidity	903	100		
Total Hardness	897	100		
Total Alkalinity	898	100		
Chloride	Not	Not tested		
Ammonia	Not	Not tested		
Iron	No	No history		
Nitrate	1	0		
Sulphate	897	100		
Total Dissolved Solids	900	100		
Bacteriological Test (Absence)	895	60		
Fluoride	No	No history		
Arsenic	No	No history		

Safeguarding piped water supply for unforeseen bacteriological contamination-Presence of Residual Chlorine (RC)

The Residual Chlorine (RC) in the South Sikkim district was found in 6% samples. Out of which 0% samples were having RC outside range whereas 94% samples, had no RC. It may be mentioned that 60% of water samples passed the bacteriological contamination test. In the remaining 40% sample bacteriological contamination was present, out of which 10% had chlorine within permissible limit, none of them outside range, and 90% had no RC. But to assure the protection against bacteriological contamination, addition of RC is must in PWS system

The Residual Chlorine in piped water supply is one of the most important preventive actions to assure quality of water against bacteriological contamination from source to consumption. The presence of residual chlorine within permissible limits is indicator of well-maintained and healthy piped water supply system.

It is advised that behavioural change communication campaigns on appropriate dosage of residual chlorine is held in all villages and monitoring system for chlorine dosing is established. The FTK must have residual chlorine testing facility for effective WQM&S.

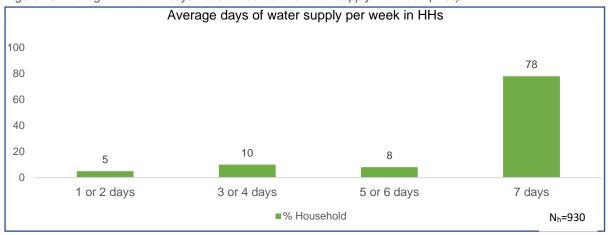
Comment on functioning of District Lab:

The district lab tested water samples for 7 water quality parameters. 930 water samples were submitted, and 903 water samples were tested, and reports made available. The turnaround time for testing was more than 48 hours in most cases.

The labs did not have any issue with testing the number of water samples submitted nor had any issues with human resources, reagents, etc. However the only concern was the lab did not accept any samples during weekends and public holidays.

3.3. Average water supply days in a week

Figure 15: Average number of days households receive water supply in a week (in %)

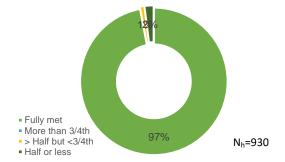


3.4. Household utilization of water for drinking and other activities

Fulfilment of requirement

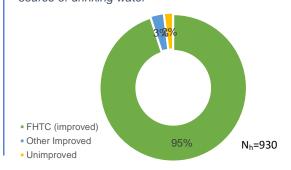
97% HHs reported that their daily requirement of water is being met by FHTCs

Figure 17: Daily household's requirement of water being met by FHTC

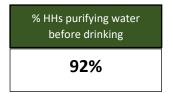


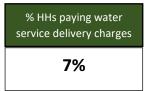
Primary source of drinking water 95% HHs reported HH tap connection as their primary source of drinking water

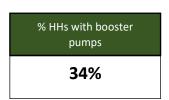
Figure 18: Households reported FHTC as primary source of drinking water

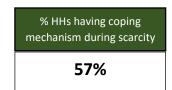


3.5. Status at HH level (Nh=930)













Key problems for reporting grievances (N=930)

Inadequate Pressure Inadequate Duration Irregular supply

% Reported complaints resolved (N _h =11)
27%

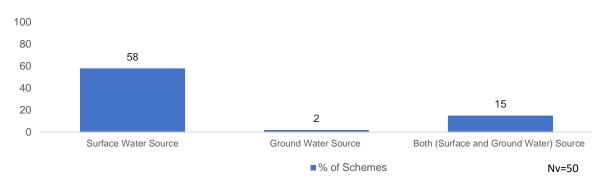
^{*}HHs who reported complaints in last 1 year

3.6. Source sustainability at the village level

Schemes based on surface and ground water

58% of schemes are reported to be based on surface water and 2% ground water.

Figure 19: Schemes based on water source in village

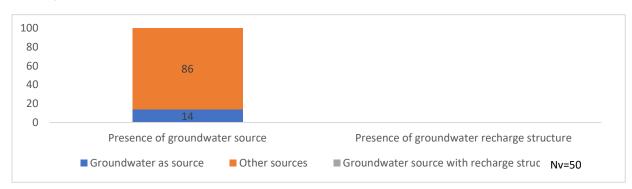


^{*&#}x27;Surface Water Source' is Stream, Spring, Glacier, River, lake, pond etc. and Groundwater Source is open well, borewell, tube well, handpump, spring, etc

Villages reported having presence of a groundwater source

14% of villages reported the presence of groundwater sources like improved dug wells and borewells.

Figure 20: Villages reported the presence of groundwater sources and among those how many reported to have a recharge structure



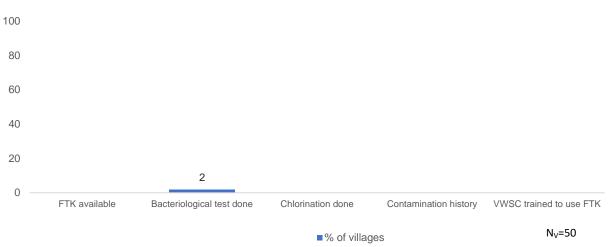
The top 3 other source sustainability measure taken by villages

Figure 21: Villages reported having taken other source sustainability measure



3.7. Water quality monitoring and surveillance in the villages

Figure 22: Water quality monitoring and surveillance by villages



3.8. Status of JJM

A. VWSC/Pani Samiti and PWS signage in villages (N_v=50)

Presence of VWSC/Pani Samiti	VWSC/Pani Samiti responsible for O&M of PWS Schemes	% Villages – VWSC/PO trained to use FTKs	% Villages in which signages about JJM was observed
6%	0%	0%	4%

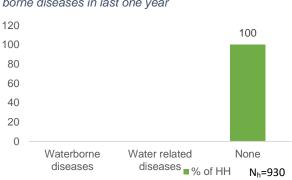
B. Water supply, storage and operation & maintenance at village level (N_v=50)

Average no. of supply in a day	% Villages levying water service delivery to HH		
2	4%	14%	8%
% Villages having OHT/ Sump	% Villages having faced O&M challenges	Primary points for reporting grievances	Key problems for reporting grievances
70%	0%	Helpline	Pipeline leakage

3.9. Perception of HHs on Outcome Indicators

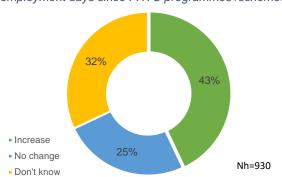
a. Health Incidence of water borne diseases at HH level in last one year as reported

Figure 23: Household reported incidence of water borne diseases in last one year



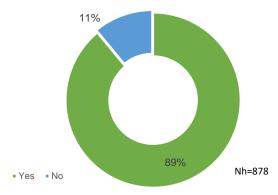
b. Economic Income Change in employment days since FHTC programmes/schemes

Figure 24: Household reported a change in employment days since FHTC programmes /schemes



c. Drudgery Reduction in time and effort in collecting water

Figure 25: Households reported reduction in time and effort in collecting water



3.10. User satisfaction

Table No	Table No. 5: User satisfaction - more than 75% happy with FHTC services					
S. No.	Parameter (N _h =930) In %					
1	Regularity © 77					
2	Overall quality	86				
3	Colour	90				
4	Taste	92				
5	Odour	00	94			

Note:

Base (N_v)=50 means all villages sampled and covered in South district

Base (N_H) =930 means all households sampled and covered across the 50 villages in South district Base (N_H) =930 means all households where female members used to fetch water before HH tap connection

4. Annexures

4.1. Summary of villages

S.No.	Name of sample village	Sample HHs	Actual sample HHs (achieved)	No. of scheme	No of source of surface water available in the village	No of source of ground water available in the village
#	South Sikkim	909	980	53	66	7
1	Aifaltar	36	37	1	2	1
2	Tarku	36	37	1		
3	Namphing	36	46	2	4	
4	Rashyap	27	28	1	2	
5	Pabong (Gangchung)	18	20	1		
6	Barnyak	18	19	1	2	1
7	Chuba	27	37	1	1	
8	Karek	9	10	1	2	1
9	Parbing	9	10	1	1	
10	Nalam-Kolbong	9	10	1	1	
11	Pamphok	9	10	1	2	
12	Turung	18	19	1	1	
13	Mamring	9	10	1	2	
14	Bikmat	9	10	1	2	
15	Passi	27	28	1	1	
16	Sukrabarey	18	19	1	1	
17	Rabitar	27	28	1	1	
18	Paiyong	9	10	1	1	
19	Kerabari	9	10	1	2	
20	Melli	9	10	1	2	
21	Panchgharey	27	29	1	2	
22	Sumbuk	9	10	1	3	1
23	Bul	18	19	1	1	
24	Maniram	18	19	1	2	1
25	Boomtar	9	10	1	1	
26	Kopchey	9	10	1		
27	Sorok	9	10	1		
28	Salghari	36	37	1		
29	Assangthang	36	37	1	2	1
30	Poklok	36	37	1	1	
31	Chisopani	27	29	1		
32	Kamrang	9	10	2	1	
33	Wok	36	37	1	1	
34	Sokpay	18	19	1	2	
35	Kolthang	27	28	1	1	
36	Tokdey	36	37	1		
37	Neh-Brum	9	10	1	2	
38	Gagyong	9	10	1	2	1
39	Yangang	18	19	1	2	
40	Satam	18	19	1	2	
41	Rabong	9	10	1	1	
42	Ben	27	28	2		
43	Deu	18	19	1	1	
44	Rayong	9	10	1	1	
45	Tingmo	9	10	1	1	
46	Legship	18	19	1	2	
47	Bakhim	9	10	1	1	
48	Dalep	9	10	1	2	
49	Namlung	9	10	1	2	
50	Borong	9	10	1		



4.2. Functionality – 55 LPCD vs regularity vs potability vs working tap connection

S. No.	Village	Fully Functional* (% HH)	Adequate Quantity (% HH)	Fully Regular Supply (% HH)	Potable (Quality) (% HH)	Working tap connections (%HH)
#	South Sikkim	33	84	68	55	100
1	Aifaltar	6	86	61	14	100
2	Tarku	25	72	89	33	100
3	Namphing	33	80	82	53	100
4	Rashyap	56	100	67	89	100
5	Pabong (Gangchung)	68	68	100	100	100
6	Barnyak	61	100	67	94	100
7	Chuba	72	94	86	89	100
8	Karek	100	100	100	100	100
9	Parbing	67	67	100	100	100
10	Nalam-Kolbong	0	56	0	100	100
11	Pamphok	78	78	100	100	100
12	Turung	67	67	100	100	100
13	Mamring	100	100	100	100	100
14	Bikmat	100	100	100	100	100
15	Passi	37	59	63	93	100
16	Sukrabarey	44	94	50	100	100
17	Rabitar	19	89	44	63	100
18	Paiyong	89	89	100	100	100
19	Kerabari	0	100	0	100	100
20	Melli	100 57	100	100	100	100
21 22	Panchgharey		96	75	64	100 100
23	Sumbuk Bul	0	0	0	100	100
24	Maniram	0	0	0	56	100
25	Boomtar	0	0	0	100	100
26	Kopchey	11	89	100	11	100
27	Sorok	33	67	100	44	100
28	Salghari	3	97	61	3	100
29	Assangthang	8	94	67	17	100
30	Poklok	25	100	89	31	100
31	Chisopani	32	89	68	36	100
32	Kamrang	33	78	100	56	100
33	Wok	69	100	75	94	100
34	Sokpay	0	61	28	6	100
35	Kolthang	0	82	33	4	100
36	Tokdey	28	94	78	31	100
37	Neh-Brum	0	100	100	0	100
38	Gagyong	33	100	100	33	100
39	Yangang	6	100	94	6	100
40	Satam	17	100	50	39	100
41	Rabong	11	100	100	11	100
42	Ben	63	100	70	93	100
43	Deu	6	100	50	56	100
44	Rayong	11	100	100	11	100
45	Tingmo	11	100	100	11	100
46	Legship	11	100	72	17	100
47	Bakhim	78	78	100	100	100
48	Dalep	0	78	0	100	100
49	Namlung	100	100	100	100	100
50	Borong	0	56	0	89	100

^{*} Fully Functional has been computed as = Adequate Quantity \cap Fully Regularity Supply \cap Potable (Quality)

4.3. Villages not meeting the quality parameters

Table N	No. 8: Quality	parameters dissati	sfied at village	level	
1. pH		Range- 6.5 to 8.5)			
S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages	No. of HHs outside the acceptab	le range
1	Jorethang	Salghari	Salghari		5
2		Tinik Chisopani	Chisopani		1
3	Namchi	Mikkhola Singithang	Kopchey		5
4	Namthang	Chuba Phong	Chuba		4
5	_	Rateypani	Passi		1
6	Ravangla	Borong Phamthang	Borong		1
7	Sumbuk	Sadam Suntoley	Rabitar		1
8		Turuk Ramabung	Panchgharey		10
9	Timi Tarku	Ben-Namphrik	Ben		2
10		·	Deu		8
11		Namphing	Namphing		2
12			Rashyap		2
13		Tarku	Tarku		6
14		Temi	Aifaltar		23
15	Yangang	Kolthang Tokdey	Kolthang		17
16	33		Tokdey		17
17		Lingi	Sokpay		2
18		Yangang-	Yangang		5
19		Rangang	Satam		1
	e residual cl	hlorine (Acceptable		PPM)	
S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range	HHs with no chlorine
1	Jorethang	Poklok Denchung	Poklok	0	29
2	Joremany	Salghari	Salghari	0	34
3		Tinik Chisopani	Chisopani	0	28
4	Namchi	Assangthang	Assangthang	0	
4	Namen	Boomtar	Boomtar	0	35 9
5		Salleybong	Boomlai	U	9
6		Mamley Kamrang	Kamrang	0	9
- 0		Maniram	Maniram	0	1
7		Phalidara	Marinani	0	'
		Mikkhola	Kopchey	0	7
8		Singithang	Roponey	0	'
9		Rong-Bul	Bul	0	4
10		Sorok-Shyampani	Sorok	0	8
11	Namthang	Chuba Phong	Chuba	0	36
12	rtaminang	Kateng Pamphok	Pamphok	0	9
13		Nagi Karek	Karek	0	9
13		Namthang	Nalam-	0	9
14		Maneydara	Kolbong		
15		Perbing Dovan	Parbing	0	8
16		Rateypani	Passi	0	27
17		Tangzi Bikmat	Bikmat	0	9
18		Turung Mamring	Turung	0	18
19		. arang wanning	Mamring	0	9
20	Ravangla	Borong Phamthang	Borong	0	9
		Kewzing Bakhim	Bakhim	0	9
7.1			Dakiiiiii		
21		Rewzing bakillin	Dalon		
22			Dalep	0	9
22 23		Legship	Legship	0	18
22 23 24		Legship Rabong-Sangmo	Legship Rabong	0	18 9
22 23 24 25	Cibbin	Legship Rabong-Sangmo Ralong-Namlung	Legship Rabong Namlung	0 0 0	18 9 9
22 23 24 25 26	Sikkip	Legship Rabong-Sangmo Ralong-Namlung Lamating Tingmo	Legship Rabong Namlung Tingmo	0 0 0	18 9 9 5
22 23 24 25	Sikkip	Legship Rabong-Sangmo Ralong-Namlung	Legship Rabong Namlung	0 0 0	18 9 9

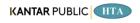


Table N	No. 8: Quality	parameters dissati	sfied at village	level	
29	Sumbuk	Mellidara Paiyong	Paiyong	0	7
30			Kerabari	0	9
31			Melli	0	9
32		Sadam Suntoley	Sukrabarey	0	18
33		Cadam Cantoloy	Rabitar	0	27
34		Sumbuk Kartikey	Sumbuk	0	9
35		Turuk Ramabung	Panchgharey	0	28
36	Timi Tarku	Barnyak Tokal	Barnyak	0	18
37	Tillii Tarka	Ben-Namphrik	Ben	0	27
38		Den-Nampilik	Deu	0	18
39		Namphing	Namphing	0	45
40		Namphing	Rashyap	0	27
40			Pabong	0	19
41			(Gangchung)	0	19
42		Tarku	Tarku	0	33
43		Temi	Aifaltar	0	36
44	Vangang	Kolthang Tokdey	Kolthang	0	27
44	Yangang	Notifially Tokuey	Tokdey	0	36
		Lingi			
46 47		Lingi Niya-Mangzing	Sokpay Neh-Brum	0	18
4/					9
40		Sripatam-	Gagyong	0	9
48		Gagyong	Vangana		10
49		Yangang- Rangang	Yangang	0	18
50 3. Tu	rhidity / ^ a a a	ptable Range- 1 to :	Satam	0	18
J. Tu	Block	Panchayat	D N I U)		
S.No.	Name	Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permis	sible range
1	Jorethang	Poklok Denchung	Poklok		1
2	Timi Tarku	Barnyak Tokal	Barnyak		<u></u>
		(Acceptable Range		 igram/litro	
4. 10	tai Hai uness	TACCEDIADIE NATIVE	- 200 10 000 19111		
S.No.	Block	Panchayat	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	sible range
S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages		
S.No. 1	Block Name Yangang	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey	Villages Kolthang	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	sible range
S.No. 1 5. To	Block Name Yangang tal alkalinity	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey (Acceptable Range-	Villages Kolthang 200 to 600 Mill	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	1
S.No. 1	Block Name Yangang tal alkalinity Block	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey (Acceptable Range- Panchayat	Villages Kolthang	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	1
S.No. 1 5. To S.No.	Block Name Yangang tal alkalinity Block Name	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey (Acceptable Range- Panchayat Name	Villages Kolthang 200 to 600 Mill Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss igram/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	1
S.No. 1 5. To S.No. NA	Block Name Yangang tal alkalinity Block Name NA	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey (Acceptable Range- Panchayat Name NA	Villages Kolthang 200 to 600 Mill Villages NA	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss igram/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	1
S.No. 1 5. To S.No. NA 6. Ch	Block Name Yangang tal alkalinity Block Name NA	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey (Acceptable Range- Panchayat Name NA ptable Range- 250 to	Villages Kolthang 200 to 600 Mill Villages NA 1000 Milligran	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss igram/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permiss NA n/litre)	1 sible range
S.No. 1 5. To S.No. NA	Block Name Yangang tal alkalinity Block Name NA	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey (Acceptable Range- Panchayat Name NA otable Range- 250 to Panchayat	Villages Kolthang 200 to 600 Mill Villages NA	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss igram/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	1 sible range
S.No. 1 5. To S.No. NA 6. Ch S.No.	Block Name Yangang tal alkalinity Block Name NA loride (Accel Block Name	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey (Acceptable Range- Panchayat Name NA otable Range- 250 to Panchayat Name	Villages Kolthang 200 to 600 Mill Villages NA 1000 Milligran Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss igram/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permiss NA n/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	1 sible range
S.No. 1 5. To S.No. NA 6. Ch S.No.	Block Name Yangang tal alkalinity Block Name NA loride (Accel Block Name NA	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey (Acceptable Range- Panchayat Name NA ptable Range- 250 to Panchayat Name NA	Villages Kolthang 200 to 600 Mill Villages NA 1000 Milligran Villages NA	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss igram/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permiss NA n/litre)	1 sible range
S.No. 1 5. To S.No. NA 6. Ch S.No. NA 7. An	Block Name Yangang tal alkalinity Block Name NA loride (Acce) Block Name NA mmonia (Acce)	Panchayat Name Kolthang Tokdey (Acceptable Range- Panchayat Name NA otable Range- 250 to Panchayat Name NA ptable Range- 0.5 M	Villages Kolthang 200 to 600 Mill Villages NA 1000 Milligran Villages NA Milligram/litre)	HHs outside the acceptable/permiss igram/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permiss NA n/litre) HHs outside the acceptable/permiss	sible range
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Table I	No. 8: Quality	parameters dissati	sfied at village	level
S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range
1	Jorethang	Poklok Denchung	Poklok	25
2	1	Salghari	Salghari	35
3		Tinik Chisopani	Chisopani	18
4	Namchi	Assangthang	Assangthang	30
5		Mamley Kamrang	Kamrang	4
6		Maniram Phalidara	Maniram	8
7		Mikkhola Singithang	Kopchey	8
8		Rong-Bul	Bul	17
9		Sorok-Shyampani	Sorok	5
10	Namthang	Rateypani	Passi	1
11	Ravangla	Legship	Legship	15
12	1	Rabong-Sangmo	Rabong	8
13	Sikkip	Lamating Tingmo	Tingmo	8
14	1	Tinkitam Rayong	Rayong	8
15		Wak Omchu	Wok	2
16	Sumbuk	Sadam Suntoley	Rabitar	9
17	Timi Tarku	Namphing	Namphing	19
18		Tarku	Tarku	21
19		Temi	Aifaltar	24
20	Yangang	Kolthang Tokdey	Kolthang	22
21			Tokdey	16
22		Lingi	Sokpay	17
23		Niya-Mangzing	Neh-Brum	9
24		Sripatam- Gagyong	Gagyong	6
25	1	Yangang-	Yangang	17
26	1	Rangang	Satam	10
	uoride (Accei	ptable Range- 1 to 1		
S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
14. Ar	senic (in hots	spots) (Acceptable	Range- 0.01 Mil	ligram /litre)
S.No.	Block Name	Panchayat Name	Villages	HHs outside the acceptable/permissible range
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA